

Legislative Council Staff

Nonpartisan Services for Colorado's Legislature

Fiscal Note

Drafting Number: LLS 22-0966 **Date:** April 28, 2022 **Prime Sponsors:** Sen. Bridges; Moreno Bill Status: Senate SVMA

Rep. Herod Fiscal Analyst: Elizabeth Ramey | 303-866-3522

Elizabeth.Ramey@state.co.us

Bill Topic:	CREATION OF COLORADO WORKFORCE HOUSING TRUST AUTHORITY		
Summary of Fiscal Impact:	☑ State Revenue☑ State Expenditure	☐ TABOR Refund ☐ Local Government	
	☐ State Transfer	Statutory Public Entity	
	The bill creates the Colorado Workforce Housing Trust Authority as an independen special purpose authority for promoting affordable rental housing projects fo middle-income workforce housing. The bill creates a new statutory public entity increases state expenditures, and may reduce state and local government revenue and increase local government expenditures.		
Appropriation Summary:	For FY 2022-23, the bill requires an appropriation of \$6,000,000 to the Office of the State Treasurer.		
Fiscal Note	The fiscal note reflects the introduced bill.		

Table 1 State Fiscal Impacts Under SB 22-232

		Budget Year FY 2022-23	Out Year FY 2023-24
Revenue		-	-
Expenditures	General Fund	\$6.1 million	\$100,000
Transfers		-	-
Other Budget Impacts	General Fund Reserve	\$0.9 million	\$15,000

Summary of Legislation

The bill creates the Colorado Workforce Housing Trust Authority (the authority) as an independent statutory public entity to acquire, construct, rehabilitate, own, operate, and finance affordable rental housing projects for the middle-income workforce. The authority will be governed by an eleven-member board of directors, which includes the director of the Office of Economic Development and International Trade. The board must hold its first meeting by September 1, 2022 and solicit project proposals by October 1, 2022.

The authority has the power to:

- issue bonds payable solely from revenues from affordable rental housing projects and with no recourse to the state;
- enter into public-private partnerships and to contract with experienced real estate professionals to develop and operate affordable rental housing projects;
- employ its own personnel or contract with public or private entities for services to conduct its activities;
- provide assistance to tenants in its rental housing to transition to home ownership; and
- establish one or more controlled entities to carry out its activities.

All income and assets, including real property and bonds, are exempt from state and local income, property, and sales and use taxes. The authority is required to conduct an annual audit and to submit an annual operating and fiscal report to the governor, the state auditor, and the General Assembly.

The bill requires the authority to solicit and select housing project proposals from local governments, housing authorities, nonprofit organizations, and experienced real estate professions. The bill specifies prioritization criteria for selecting projects, including income levels for middle-income individuals and families in urban, rural, and rural resort counties. The Division of Housing in the Department of Local Affairs (DOLA) is required to classify each county in the state as "urban," "rural," or "rural resort" by September 1, 2022.

On July 1, 2022, the State Treasurer is required to issue a warrant to the authority paid from the General Fund in the amount of \$6.0 million.

State Revenue

The bill may reduce state revenue from income, sales, and use tax. This revenue impact will depend on actions taken by the authority and cannot be estimated.

State Expenditures

The bill increases state expenditures by \$6.1 million in FY 2022-23 and by about \$100,000 in FY 2023-24 and future years. These impacts are described below.

Department of the Treasury. The bill increases General Fund expenditures by \$6.0 million in FY 2022-23 to the Office of the State Treasurer for distribution to the authority.

Department of Local Affairs. DOLA will costs of about \$100,000 per year to complete and update county classifications. Assuming Senate Bill 22-159 is enacted, no appropriation is required in this bill for this work. See Technical Note.

Governor's Office. Workload in the Governor's Office to appoint board members will increase. This increase can be accommodated with existing resources.

Other Budget Impacts

General Fund reserve. Under current law, an amount equal to 15 percent of General Fund appropriations must be set aside in the General Fund statutory reserve beginning in FY 2022-23. Based on this fiscal note, the bill is expected to increase the amount of General Fund held in reserve by \$900,000 in FY 2022-23, which will decrease the amount of General Fund available for other purposes.

Local Government

Local governments may submit proposals for affordable housing projects for consideration by the authority, which will require an increase in administrative and project-related expenditures and workload. The bill may increase workload to service new projects and reduce revenue to local governments from property or sales taxation for income or assets of the authority. Any change to property tax revenue will affect the local share of total program funding for school finance. This revenue impact will depend on actions taken by the authority and cannot be estimated.

Statutory Public Entity

This bill creates a new statutory public entity, the Colorado Workforce Housing Trust Authority, which will be administered by an appointed board. The \$6.0 million will be credited to the authority from the State Treasurer and used to fund the authority. The authority will also receive funding from the issuance of affordable housing bonds, and the ownership of affordable housing properties and other assets.

Technical Note

Senate Bill 22-159 contains a similar provision as this bill requiring DOLA to create and regularly update a classification system for counties. This cost is estimated at about \$100,000 per year starting in FY 2022-23. Funding for this work should be appropriated in one, but not both, of these bills. Assuming SB 22-159 is enacted, no appropriation is required in this bill. However, if SB 22-159 is not enacted, this bill will require an appropriation of \$100,000 General Fund to DOLA for this work.

Page 4 April 28, 2022 SB 22-232

Effective Date

The bill takes effect upon signature of the Governor, or upon becoming law without his signature.

State Appropriations

The bill requires an appropriation of \$6,000,000 from the General Fund to the Office of the State Treasurer.

State and Local Government Contacts

Counties Governor
Information Technology Local Affairs

Municipalities Office of Economic Development and International Trade

Personnel Revenue

Treasury